Nothing intensifies selfishness faster than being sick.

A thing is never too often repeated which is never sufficiently learned.

There are weeds enough in the world to furnish employment for all who dis-

The world has plenty of inhabitants who have been helped until they are practically helpless.

There are no greater wretches in the world than many of those whom people in general take to be happy.

Men who follow their impulses are generally as near right as when they think, and save themselves a vasi amount of worry.

of having buried 13,000 persons. He ly postponed. has been in the business sixty years.

A stock company recently organized in London offers 660,000 shares of stock to the public at a penny a share. At that price any one may become a capitalist with invested funds.

"His wisdom is a seal upon his lips," said Mentor of Ulysses, "which is never broken save for an important purpose." Happily for congruity Grant instead of Bismarck was named in honor of this fine quality in the Greek hero.

Philadelphia has been called upon to return the modern triumphal arch under which Gen. Washington passed at Trenton on his way to the presidential inauguration in 1789. It has been demanded by the owner and will be placed in one of the rooms in the Trenton Battle monument. The arch was loaned to the city during the centennial. and was deposited in Independence Hall, subject to demand of the owner, Miss Mary Armstrong owned it then and was given a receipt for the arch from Col. Frank M. Etting, now deceased. Miss Armstrong died in 1882. and her legal heir, Elmer Ewing Green, has asked the return of the arch through Gen. W. S. Stryker.

The statistics of new railroad equipment built in this country in 1896 show that we have built more locomotives than in 1895 and very many more cars. Carrying comparisons back two years, the increases both in locomotive output and in car building are very great. The figures presented by the Railroad Gazette show that we built this year 480 locomotives more than in 1894 and 74 more than last year. The actual number of engines built in 1896 was 1,175, and in 1895, 1,101 engines. An interesting feature which is brought out in this summary is the growing importance of export orders. In 1896 309 engines were built in this country to export to foreign countries, the engines going chiefly to South America, but also to a considerable extent to Russia, Japan and South Africa. In 1894 only 80 engines were built for export, and in 1895 that number was exceeded, the number built in 1894 having been unusually small; but still the growth reported in 1896 is of especial interest. Locomotive builders in this country at the engines now in service are of Eng. | was passed by a vote of 63 to 30. lish make.

Tragedy may be associated with cheap domestic goods, and with "bargain counters." Articles are kept in stock, and sold by competing dry goods and other stores, the materials of which cost almost fully the price for which the goods may be bought. The Reverend Doctor Parkhurst of New York had a word to say in a recent sermon about goods into which may have been sewed the struggle for life of many a half-starved, wretched woman. He said: "If a lady goes to a store and buys an article that she knows is marvelously cheap, and cannot understand how such a piece of hand-made work can be sold at so pitiable a price, she knows, if she knows anything about the industrial conditions of the world she lives in, that some poor girl, in some sickly back alley, has been halfpaid for her work, and she-the elegant lady-gets the benefit of it. This city is full of this, and so is every other city. The purchaser does not kill the girl outright, but she helps to kill her by inches." The preacher's declaration iduction not having been printed. ir mainly true. Few women, however, stop long enough to realize that in the purchase of such goods they are encouraging extortion; are taking from labor the just returns to which, by the law of God and of human brotherhood, it is entitled; and are upholding a system of trade that, in its cruel effects, holds 'commerce with privation, and hunger. and vice, and death itself. Purchasers should think of this whenthey are attracted by the pecuniary allurements of the "bargain counter."

Elocution is in the saddle, and riding hard. Every entertainment of any sort, except funerals, is arranged of late so that the elocutionists will have a chance to do a turn. The Poor Food show, at Topeka, is the latest. A number of elucotionists are on the pro gramme, though just what connection there is between elocution and food, no one knows.

A late census of Massachusetts shows. contrary to the general understanding. that her population includes more unmarried men than unmarried women.

# M'COOK TRIBUNE. HOUSE PROCEEDINGS

WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY THE LOWER BRANCH.

Succlust Summary of the Past Weeks Doings in the Nebraska House of Representatives -- A Strictly Non-Partisan Review of the Proceedings.

### Monday January 25.

Speaker Gaffin's gavel fell this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Seventy-seven members responded to roll call. The committee on insurance reported favorably on house rolls Nos, 82 and

The bills were recommended for passage while No. 47, a bill amending the mutual insurance act was indefinitely postponed, according to the commit-

tee's recommendation. House roll No. 89, reducing the salaries at the Geneva industrial school, was reported on favorably by the committee on agriculture and the report pointed to draft a sugar bill to encourwas adopted.

introduced by Mr. Soderman, praying man of Phelps. for the appropriation of \$5,000 to erect Louis A. Peltier, an Indianapolis an heroic statue of Abraham Lincoln nounced the passage of the resolution undertaker, has the unsurpassed record on the capitol grounds, was indefinite-

> Mr. Roddy of Otoe introduced the following joint resolution: WHEREAS. The legislature of 1887 b an act entitled. "An act to recount the ballots cast for and against the legislative amend-

ment of the 2d day of November, 1886, and to declare the result," did provide for the recounting of the ballots east for and against the constitutional amendment providing for an increase in the per diem of members of the legislature from \$3 to \$5 and extending the session of the legislature from forty to sixty days, and

WHEREAS, Some doubt has always existed as to the validity of said act and the adoption of said amendment to the consti-

WHEREAS. It is expedient that the matter be definitely settled and determined; there-

RESOLVED, That the honorable attorney-general be and he is hereby requested to at once institute proper action by mandam-us or otherwise to determine whether or not said amendment to the constitution was adopted in accordance with the provisions of the organic law of the state; and be it RESOLVED. That the secretary of state be requested to forward to the honorable at-torney-general a copy of this joint resolu-

Twenty new bills were introduced. among them being:

H. R. 248, by Mr. Stebbins-To promote farming in arid portions by irrigation at public ex-H. R. 253, by Mr. Rich—To reimburse George L. Farnham for expenditure of moneys for use of Peru Normal when the dormitory burned. H. R. 256, by Mr. Felker—To appropriate \$10,-000 for incidental expenses of 25th session. H. Rs. 262-3-4, by Mr. Hill-To regulate stock

segond time and referred. nite postponement. The bill provides placed on general file. H. R. 82 was recommended for indefifor exempting all money due benefi-

policies from garnishment, execution or attachment. H. R. 86, which provides for the investment of funds arising out of business done in the state by foreign life or accident insurance companies, was discussed at great length and finally recommitted for amendments. The

committee then arose, reported prog-

### ress, and the house adjourned. Tuesday, January 26.

In the house this morning, after preliminary work, seventeen new bills were introduced, and a number of bills to committees.

Bills on third reading were announced and the first measure placed on the general file for this session was put fall on the whole county. upon its final passage. It was H. R. No. 4, by Mr. Eastman, to refund to for the benefit of creditors proceedings there-Rebecca Perkins of Custer county \$121 under, and to prevent the fraudulent violation paid by her as rental on school land by an illegal appraisement of 1889. On roll call the bill passed by a vote of 87 affirmative, with none against.

H. R. 3. by Mr. Dobson, to repeal the law of 1895 granting a bounty on sugar and chicory, was read a third time, and of office. Mr. Dobson demanded a call of the house upon it. The call showed ten present have orders on their books for members absent. The call was then 70 engines for Japan, where most of dispensed with, and on roll call the bill

		YEAS-60.	
	Ankeny	Hile	Severe
	Billings	Hill	Sheldon
ı	Campbell	Holland	Shull
	Clark of Rich.	Hull	Smith of D'gl
•	Cole	Hyatt	Smith of Rich
	Cox	Jones of Nem'a	Snyder of J'n
	Cronk	Jones of Wayne	Snyder of Sh'
٤	Cartis	Kapp	Soderman
۱	Dobson	Keister	Stebbins
ġ.	Eager	Lemar	Straub
	Eastman	Liddell	Taylor
	Endorf	Loomis	Van Hora
	Felker	McCarthy	Welch
	Fernow	McCracken	Wheeler
	Gaylord	Marshall	Wiebe
	Gerdes	Mitchell _	Winslow
	Givens	Moran	Woodward
3	Grell	Morrison	Wright
	Grimes	Phelps	Wooster
	Grosvenor	Rich	Zimmerman
	Hamilton	Robertson	Mr. Speaker
		NAYS-30.	
	Alderman	Eighmy	Mann
	Bernard	Fouke	Mills
	Blake	Goshorn	Nesbit
	Burkett	Hendersoa	Pollard
	Butler	Holbrook	Prince
	Bryam	Horner	Roddy
	Casebeer	Jenkins	Rouse
	Chittenden	-Jones of Gage	Sutton
	Clark of L'nc'r	McGee	Walte
i i	Crow	McLeod	Young
S	ARGEN	OT AND NOT VO	
н	ADGE.	12 2212 201 10	1133-4.

Burnam Schram House roll 19, Mr. Soderman's bill to correction, the committee amendment | ted for correction. striking out the matron from the re-Fourth assistant chief clerk E. W.

account of sickness, and the house decided to abolish the office for the balance of the term. H. R. 20, reducing the salary of the superintendent of the deaf and dumb

The next bill for third reading was the whole was adopted and the house H. R. 31, a bill to regulate organization adjourned. of mutual plate glass insurance com-

panies. Passed by a vote of 94 for to none against. Among the new bills introduced the death of one of his flock, and in his

H. R. 267, by Mr. Gaffin-To prohibit corporations from contributing money or means to influence or control electors and to punish a

violation of the law. state of Nebraska into senatorial and representative districts.

H. R. 269, by Mr. Young-To prevent corrupt practices at elections. H. R. 270, by Mr. McCarthy-To establish

and locate a normal school at Scotia. H. R. 274, by Mr. Liddell-To provide for the branding, marking and tagging of all goods made and merchandise manufactured in any ing purchase of stolen chickens or the penitentiary, prison or reformatory or other institution in which convict labor is employed, and providing punishment for violation thereof.

H. R. 277, by Mr. Hull—To amend sections 2066 and 2068 and to create a new section to be numbered 2071 of Cobbey's consolidated statutes of 1802 and to create a new section to be numbered 2071 of Cobbey's consolidated statutes. utes of 1893 and to provide for a free employthe committee.

H. R. 279, by Mr. Cronk—To provide for the appointment and election of clerks of the district court in counties of 8,000 or more at other times than at the general election for clerks of

the district court.

H. R 289, by Mr. Givens—To prevent the spread of hog cholers or other infectious diseases of domestic animals.

H. R. 282, by Mr. Van Horn—To establish a state board of civil engineers. Adjourned.

## Wednesday, January 27.

The house met today and immediateafter roll call adjournment was taken till tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

It is supposed that the principal reason for the action was the desire of the recanvass bill with the emergency word "three" in the original copy had clause, and to caucus on the Douglas county contest cases.

Thursday, January 28. Expectation was rife today in the house roll 5, the re-canvass bill, but the day was uneventful.

Mr. Pollard of Cass introduced a resolution that a committee of five be ap-John Currie's bill, house roll No. 80, state. Tabled on motion of Mr. Soder-The secretary of the senate an-

> instructing Senator Thurston to vote for the free coinage of gold and silver. The committee on enrolled and en- tees. grossed bills reported that house roll 5 was correctly engrossed.

A petion from Omaha clergymen was read, asking the legislature not to make any change in the fire and police commission as provided for in the present Omaha charter. Several standing committees made

passes were indefinitely postponed. H. R. 46, reducing salaries of secretaries of board of transportation was placed on general file, as was also H. R. 27, reported by the committee on

fish culture and game. The claim of Boyd county for \$4,823 for costs in trying the alleged murderers of Barrett Scott, was passed on favorably by the claims committee and

placed on general file. The committee on miscellaneous subjects reported favorably on Mr. Grosvenor's bill, fixing a penalty for stealing bicycles and unfavorably on a bill by Mr. Clark of Lancaster, No. 56, with the same end in view. The reports were adopted. The same committee favored placing house roll No. 89, a bill to punish chicken stealing, on general file. The house concurred. House roll No. 62, to regulate the publishing of applications for liquor licenses, was placed on general file. House rolls 234 to 245 were read the House roll No. 23, relating to the

resolution ordering the committee on amendment. Two of the committee ciaries on life or accident insurance asylums to make report on the adequacy of the state hospital to care for all the curable insane of the state. Adopted.

Mr. Burkett of Lancaster offered a resolution that the office of proof reader be discontinued and that no printed bills be received from the orinter until correct. After some debate the matter was referred to the committee on employes.

Forty-eight new bills were introduced after the noon recess, chief among which were:

H. R. 286, by Mr. Sheldon-An act for the eswere introduced, and a number of bills tablishment, maintenance and management of were read the second time and referred public libraries in school districts. H. R. 298, by Mr. Dobson-To amend section 8 of chapter 79, subdivision 6 of the compiled statutes. The bill provides that the tax of 1

H. R. 305, by Mr. Rich-To amend section 13 tled "Assignments," compiled statutes of 1895

H. R. 322, by Mr. Rich-To provide for a land-H. R. 330, by Mr. Snyder-To prohibit officers and employes of any municipality, township, county or state to accept free transportation over any railroad in the state during his term

H. R. 336, by Mr. Wooster of Merrick is similar in its import to H. R. 330 by Mr. Snyder. House rolls 265 to 282 were read a

second time and referred. Mr. Clark of Richardson moved that the house resolve itself into committee of the whole. Mr. Clark of Lancaster objected on the ground that it takes a two-thirds vote to suspend the rules and proceed outside the regular order of business set down in the rules when any member objects. The matter precipitated quite a discussion but was finally disposed of by the speaker ruling that the house could go into committee of the whole at any time a majority wished to do so.

The ruling prevented the house call ing up H. R. 5, which had been reported from the engrossing committee and would have been first on file for third reading and passage. The majority had not sixty-eight members present and they could not have carried it with

the emergency clause. In committee of the whole house rolls 29, to repeal the Russian thistle law, and 89, to reduce the salary of the superintendent of the Geneva industrial school, were recommended

for passage. H. R. 46, to reduce the salaries of reduce salaries of officials at Kearney the secretaries of the state board of industrial school was recommitted for transportation to \$1,500 was recommit-

H. R. 27, which provides that it shall be a misdemeanor to kill certain of propitious influence when children kinds of game for a period of five years Phillips handed in his resignation on was recommitted for correction.

The bill for the relief of Boyd county for costs in the Scott murder trial was recommended for passage without the emergency clause. On motion of Mr. Sheldon of Dawes, institute was passed by a vote of 59 to the committee rose and reported prog-

ress. The report of the committee of

### Friday, January 29. Chaplain Mailley was called home by

absence Speaker Gaffin called upon Mr. Eighmy of Brown, one of the three Swan, the well-known chemist of preachers in the house, to invoke the divine blessing. Immediately after the reading of the

journal the house, on motion of Mr. Sheldon went into committee of the whole, with Mr. Soderman in the H. R. 99, by Mr. Clark of Lancaster, to make chicken stealing, the know-

harboring of the chicken thief a penal offense, punishable by from one to ten years, was first on the file.

H. R. 62, by Mr. Rich, to authorize publication of notices of application for liquor licenses of any paper of general circulation was the next bill to be considered, It also authorizes the same power that grants a license to authorize a transfer of the same to another place or person. Mr. Clark of Lancaster opposed this, and pending the controversy the committee arose and the

house took a recess until 2 p. m. At the after recess session the house took up bills on third reading. The clerk read house roll No. 5, the

re-canvass bill. Mr. Hull of Harlan stated that after majority to gain time to muster the close scrutiny of the bill he had found

votes necessary for the passage of the an error in the engrossed copy. The been copied "five." He moved that the bill be recommitted to the committee of the whole for correction. A very bitter and extended debate was had on the motion, but after several motions house over the prospect of a battle on to take action thereon immediately had been voted down, the bill was recommitted to the committee of the whole for correction.

Mr. Jenkins moved to go into committee of the whole to consider house age erection of new factories in the roll No. 5 immediately. The motion did not prevail, and on motion of Mr. Sheldon of Dawes the regular order of business was taken up.

After disposing of reports on the Douglas county contests the house received reports from standing commit-

The library committee favored house

roll No. 174, to provide for travelling libraries. The report was adopted and the bill went on general file. House roll No. 117, to provide for the issuance of state warrants receivable

for taxes, was reported by the majority of the committee on banks and curreports on bills. The bills relating to rency with the recommendation that it pass as amended. There was a minority report signed by Waite and Wimberly of Lancaster. The majority report was adopted.

The house adjourned till Saturday morning.

### The Recanvass Bill.

The fusionists in the house are short of the required two-thirds vote which is necessary for the passage of the bill to recount the vote on the constitution al amendment relating to supreme judges. There are two fusion members sick, and unable to attend the sessions. It is now thought that even if the house should pass the bill that it is reasonably certain not to get through the senate, as it is reported that nine fusion senators are opposed to the measure in its present form. The senate committee on constitutional amendments has appointed a subcommittee to draft a bill having for its object the submission of the returns regulation of warehouses, was also to the supreme court for a decision on the question of the majority necessary Mr. Felker of Douglas introduced a for the adoption of a constitutional will insist on a recount of the ballots as at first proposed, and they will present a bill with that end in view in case the present bill is not passed. Judge Reese in his talk before the committee, gave it as his opinion that a majority of all votes cast at the election is necessary for adoption. He said this rule was aid down in the Maxwell opinion and also in the opinion of Judge Gant in the Lancaster county case, reported in the Sixth Nebraska court report. Judge Reese said he might be somewhat biased as he was a member of the constitutional convention and remembered distinctly that discussion of this subject showed a prevailing sentiment in opposition to permitting a minority to change the constitution. The same argument is found in Judge Maxwell's opinion on which those favoring a recount base all their hopes.

## The Douglas County Contest.

In the matter of unseating the re publican members of the house who epresent Douglas county, the fusionists are very much divided. The maority members of the committee on privileges and elections submitted a report which they had drawn up, favorable to unseating the republicans from this county, and the whole afternoon was spent in discussion of the report. Very warm speeches were made, which, toward evening, became decidedly spirited. The caucus adjourned without action, divided in opinion. It is almost certain that a majority and a minority report will be sent to the house. Those of the committee who constitute the minority are: Sheldon of Dawes and Eager of Seward, of the majority members, and Rouse of Hall and Byram of Burt, of the republicans. The presentation of these reports will probably precipitate a fight and may result in the house going into the evidence.

The Rose of Jericho. Among the numerous pretty traditions relating to flowers, may be mentioned the popular legend of the farfamed rose of Jericho, which is regarded with superstitious reverence in the East from the story of its having blossomed at the moment when the Lord was born, and continued to do so on each anniversary of this event. Hence, the flower has been credited with special properties, and in some parts of the continent it is popularly designated the "Rose of the Madonna," and its presence generally considered were born. According to another vari-Jericho has been called St. Marv's rose, because, when Joseph and Mary were taking their flight into Egypt, one of these flowers sprang up to mark every spot where they rested.

Electricity Beats Gold-in a Way. Electricity has now, it seems, beaten the record of the gold beater and can produce a foil of the metal from five to ten times thinner than ordinary gold leaf. Joseph Wilson electric lighting fame, has presented establish a state normal school at Scotia. to the Royal society specimens of this type in which legal advertisements shall wonderfully thin foil made by deposit- printed. ing gold on copper with the electric current and then dissolving away the copper from it with perchloride of

Instructions to Thurston. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 29 .- The senate railway business resolution directing United States Sen-ator John M. Thurston to vote for any After some debate the bill was killed ator John M. Thurston to vote for any by a vote to not adopt the report of measure favoring free and unlimited tion 49, chapter 16 of the compiled statutes of

### WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY THE UPPER BRANCH.

A Condensed and Concise Report of the Work Accomplished During the Past Week-Brief Notes of the Session's Doings.

### Monday, January 25.

When the senate convened at 3 p. m. several senators were absent. Senator Murphy of Gage offered the following concurrent resolution, which was read the first time:

WHEREAS. The revenue laws of this state are defective in many particulars to provide for a rigid collection by township and coun-ty officers whose duty It is to collect and enforce collection of taxes for township, county and state purposes; and WHEREAS, The deficit and failure to real-

ize sufficient funds to maintain the current expenses of the various departments of gov-ernment is due to the inadequacy and im-perfections of the revenue laws of the state;

Resolved, By the senate, the house concurring therein, that a committee of three be appointed by the president of the senate to act in conjunction with a like committee of three to be appointed by the speaker of the house, to prepare a bill revising and amending the present revenue laws of this state, or such sections thereof as they think proper, and report the same to the senate and house for their action

Senator Howell of Douglas presented resolution instructing the secretary of state to turn over to the committee No. 11, by Senator Johnson, for the on privileges and election all papers and abstracts of evidence in the con- neys in certain cases; senate file No. test case instituted by John Jeffcoat 14, by Senator Ransom, reducing the against Senator Evans of Douglas. The number of county commissioners; senresolution was adopted without debate. | ate file No. 18, by Senator Talbot, re-The following new bills were intro- lating to appeals in equity cases.

duced: S. F. 151, by Senator Schaal—To amend section 3, article 2 of chapter 83 of the compiled statutes of Nebraska of 1895, relating to fees

payable to the secretary of state. S. F. 152, by Senator Talbot-To amend sec tion 293 of the compiled laws of 1895 of the state of Nebraska, relating to verdicts of juries. S. F. 153, by Senator Talbot—To amend section 283, being general section 5855 of the comoffed laws of 1895 of the state of Nebraska, re-

lating to trials before juries. S. F. 154, by Senator Howell-Providing for the foreclosure of a trust deed or mortgage of real property by advertisement. S. F. 155, by Senator Murphy-Providing for

the defense of divorce suits by county attorneys on behalf of the state, when the defendant fails or refuses to make any defense. S. Fs. 156-7, by Senator Ransom - Prohibiting the giving of passes or free service by various

S. F. 158, by Senator Ransom—To prevent the blacklisting or publishing of discharged em-ployes, and making such an act a felony. Adjourned.

## Tuesday, January 26.

acknowledging the receipt of resolu- Nebraska's good name, and pledging tions passed by the senate expressing the payment of the sugar bounty, came sympathy for Cuba. Senator Allen up on a ruling from Lieutenant Goverstated that he had presented the reso-

had them read and properly referred. definitely postpone was in order. Senator Canaday of Kearney county introduced a concurrent resolution relating to the prevailing destitution in Chicago. He calls attention to the fact the west people in Chicago are starving. The resolution asks the people of Nebraska to send aid

Senator Howell of Douglas introduced a resolution instructing the governor to issue a proclamation calling attention to the Trans-Mississippi exposition and to extend an invitation to the several states to participate there-

in with exhibits, etc. The fact that many bills have been held back when the rules require them to be reported back four days after being referred, raised a rumpus in the senate when Senator Mutz arose and moved that the secretary notify the senate what bills had been in the hands of the various committees more than four days. After a short debate the

motion was lost. The committe on miscellaneous subjects reported a substitute for Senator Johnson's bill, S. F. 38, imposing a tax on bank deposits for the creating of a safety fund to be used for the payment of losses to depositors caused by bank failures. The substitute was read, and it will take the place of the original bill. The same committee reported favorably on Senator Dearing's joint resolution, calling for the enforcement of

Thirteen new bills and one substitute were introduced, among the number being:

S. F. 164, by Senator Mutz-A bill for an act to apportion the state into judicial districts, and for the appointment and election of officers

S.F. 165, by Senator Dearing-To regulate the charges for use of telephones. S. F. 169, by Senator Beal-To provide fo the appointment and election of elerks of the district court in counties of 8,000 or more. other times than at the general election for clerks of the district court. S. F. 170, by Senator Beal-To establish a state board of civil engineers. S. F. 173, (substitute for S. F. 38), by commit

tee on miscellaneous subjects—A bill to provide for the greater security of deposits in the panks of the state, and to repeal sections 34 and 5, chapter 8 of the compiled statutes of Nebras-Adjourned at noon till Wednesday

## Wednesday, January 27.

Senator Mutz of Keya Paha, backed by the majority element in the senate. aided by republican votes, took steps today to compel standing committees to get to work. After some debate the companies to protect motormen and senate passed a resolution calling upon | conductors by vestibuled cars, was dis-

writing. The committee on highways and bridges reported favorably on senate ing the sugar bounty act, was read ation of the same legend, the rose of | file Nos. 71 and 52, relating to the con- the second time and referred. struction of irrigation ditches across the same subject, was indefinitely post- in Douglas and Lancaster counties from poned.

Among the new bills introduced were ed for passage without discussion. the following, the most important be-

he payment of taxes in installments of not less than '5 per cent of the amount due at time of payment. S. F. 176, by Senator McGann-Lincoln recommended for passage as amended.

charter bill. S. F. 177, by Senator McGann—To locate and S. F. 179, by Senator Heapy-To prescribe the S. F. 181, by Senator Mutz-To provide for the establishment of a public school library in

each county of the state.

S. F. 183, by Senctor Schaal-To provide for the building, equipment and the maintenance of a union depot, and connecting switches in cities, villages and towns in this state where two or more railway lines transact a general has adopted by a party vote a joint S. F. 186, by Senator Graham—To amend section 3, chapter 11, of part III, compiled statutes

coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. 1895, and to repeal said original section.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS S. F. 189, by Senator Howell 10 June 19 Jun

Relative to press dispatches reflecting on the credit of Nebraska. Under the head of bills on second reading senate file No. 173, a committee substitute for a bill providing for a tax on bank deposits in state banks, to be used as a fund for the safety of depositors, was placed on general file.

An extended debate was had over Senator Ransom's concurrent resolution instructing United States Senator Thurston to vote and work for a free coinage law. The resolution was opposed by the republican side but was passed by a strict party vote. Adjourned.

### Thursday, January 28.

The senate listened to the reading of a petition from sugar beet raisers this morning. The petition was a typewritten document with a blank space for the name of the town or county

and came from Adams county. The judiciary committee recommended that senate file No. 25, by Senator Sykes, authorizing sheriffs to give purchasers of tax sale certificates actual possession of premises upon confirmation of sale, be indefinitely postponed. The report was laid over under the rules.

The following bills were placed on general file on recommendation of the judiciary committee: Senate file No. 17, by Senator Talbot, relating to modification of judgments; senate file appointment of assistant county attor- -

Senator Sykes of Adams asked for leave of absence for the committee on soldiers' home to visit the homes at Grand Island and Milford on Friday and Saturday, with a view of considering the advisability of discontinuing the home at Milford. The request was granted.

Several new bills were introduced, among which were: Concurrent resolution 9, by Senator Graham Relating to a request to Nebraska's senators and representatives in congress to use their ef-

forts to secure a uniform national divorce law, S. F. 196, by Senator Beal-Creating a state board of agriculture, defining the duties, powers and government, and providing for its sup-S. F. 197, by Senator Ransom-To provide a state board of immigration, to define their du-ties, provide for their salaries and expenditures

S. F. 202, by Senator Graham For the estab-

and to appropriate \$25,000 therefor

lishment, maintenance and man public libraries in school districts. maintenance and management of A letter from Senator Wm. V. Atlen Spencer of Lancaster, indorsing Sen-The concurrent resolution of Senator was read in the senate this morning, ator W. V. Allen for his defense of lutions to the United States senate, by Senator Ransom of Douglas to innor Harris, who held that the motion

The motion to postpone precipitated a general discussion

Speeches were made against the resolution by Senators Mutz, Gondring, that while 10-cent corn is rotting in Beal, Farrell, Lee, and Ransom. Reasons given were that its adoption would virtually pledge the senate to ay the bounty now due.

> uestion, which was in form something ike this: "If it is not right to tax the people for a sugar bounty, how can it be right to tax them for the benefit of an exposition to be held in Omaha?" In the midst of Senator Ransom's speech the senate adjourned to 10 a. m.

At 12:30 Senator Ransom was still

peaking.answering Senator Conoway's

# Friday.

Friday, January 29. Senator Ransom resumed his remarks on Senator Spencer's resolutions favoring the payment of the sugar bounty in the senate this morning. While he was still willing to indorse Senator Allen, he was not ready to extend his indorsement to include the sugar bounty. He declared that the minority was not honest in the matter and had no sincere intention of indorsing Senator Allen except for the purpose of countenancing and indorsing the

sugar bounty. At the close of the debate the motion to indefinitely postpone the resolution the anti-trust law against elevator carried by a vote of 24 to 8, as follows:

The state of the s	2 and 12	NAME OF PROPERTY.
	YEAS-2	1.
Beal Canaday Dearing Dundas Farrel Feltz Fritz Gondring	Graham Grothan Heapy Howell Johnson Lee - Miller Muffly	Mutz Osborn Ransom Rutchie Schnal Sykes Watson Weller
	NAYS-8	
Caldwell Cenoway Evans	Haller Murphy Spencer	Steele Talbot

S. F. 25 relating to revenues, and S. F. 54, to cut down the salaries of the secretaries of the state board of transportation were indefinitely postponed, A resolution indorsing Senator W.V. Allen's speech in the United States senate upholding Nebraska's good name, was passed under a suspension of the

ABSENT-L

In committee of the whole the senate recommended for passage S..F 6, allow ing district judges to name day for the jurors to appear.

S. F. 46, to compel street railway chairmen of committees to report in cussed at considerable length and recommended for passage, After the noon recess H. R. 3, repeal-

S. F. 13. by Senator Ransom, reducroads. Senate file No. 53, relating to ing the pay of county commissioners

\$1,800 to \$1,500 a year, was recommend-S. F. 14, by Senator Ransom, reducing senate file 176, introduced by Sena- ing number of county commissioners tor McGann, which is the Lincoln char- in Douglas county from five to three, and providing for their election by dis-S. F. 174, by Senator Murphy-Providing for tricts in Doug'as and Lancaster counties was amended to except the latter from the provisions of the bill, and

The senate adopted the report of the committee of the whole.

Some of the bills introduced were: By Senator Heapy, to repeal the act ereating a state live stock commission; by Senator Lee relating to the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of cigarettes; a joint resolution by Senator Sykes proposing to amend sections. 1 and 2 of article 15 of the constitution of the state of Nebraska so as to provide for submitting constitutional amendments at special elections and providing that a majority of the votes east on the proposition is sufficient for

Adjourned to 10 a. m. Saturday.